



SRG GRAPHITE INC.

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2018  
AS OF MAY 24, 2018**

**TSX-V: SRG**

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# **SRG GRAPHITE INC.**

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

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## **SCOPE OF MD&A AND NOTICE TO INVESTORS**

This management discussion and analysis of financial position and results of operations ("MD&A"), is prepared as of May 24, 2018, and complements the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Sama Graphite Inc. (the "Company" or "SRG"), which include Sama Resources Guinee SARL ("SRG Guinee") and SRG Graphite International Inc. ("SRG Intl"), its wholly owned subsidiaries, for the first quarter ended on March 31, 2018 which are compared to the first quarter ended March 31, 2017. The Company has prepared this MD&A following the requirements of National Instrument 51-102, Continuous Disclosure Obligations.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They do not contain all the information required to be disclosed in annual financial statements. Certain information and notes usually provided in the annual financial statements have been omitted or condensed when not deemed essential to the understanding of the interim financial information of the Company. Therefore, this MD&A should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2017. All financial information has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and all amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

The Company's independent auditors have not conducted a review of the interim condensed consolidated financial report in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants regarding the review of the interim financial report.

Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim condensed and annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, MD&A and other information contained in this MD&A. Additionally, it is management's responsibility to ensure the Company complies with the laws and regulations applicable to its activities.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and the MD&A have been reviewed by the audit committee and approved by the Company's Board of Directors on May 24, 2018. These documents and more information about the Company are available on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

## **FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements made in this MD&A are forward-looking statements or information. The Company is hereby providing cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Any statements that express, or involve discussions as to, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, through the use of words or phrases such as "may", "is expected to", "anticipates", "estimates", "intends", "plans", "projection", "could", "vision", "goals", "objective" and "outlook") are not historical facts and may be forward-looking and may involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. In making these forward-looking statements, the Company has assumed that the current market will continue and grow and that the risks listed below will not adversely impact the business of the Company. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, which contribute to the possibility that the predicted outcomes may not occur or may be delayed. The risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company that could influence actual results are summarized below under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties".

Further, unless otherwise noted, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of this MD&A, and, except as required by applicable law, the Company does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all such factors and to assess in advance the impact of each such factor on the business of the Company, or the extent to which any factor or combination of factors may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

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## COMPANY OVERVIEW

The Company was incorporated on April 16, 1996 under the Canada Business Corporations Act. SRG Graphite Inc. ("SRG" or the "Company") common shares are currently listed on the TSX-V under the trading symbol "SRG.V". The Company's head office is located at #132 – 1320 Graham boulevard, Mont-Royal, Quebec, Canada, H3P 3C8.

SRG is a Canadian-based resource company with the goal of creating shareholder value by becoming a leader in the production and delivery of low-cost, quick-to-market, quality graphite. The Company is focused on developing the Lola graphite deposit, which is located in the Republic of Guinea, West Africa. The Lola Graphite occurrence has a prospective surface outline of 3.22 km<sup>2</sup> of continuous graphitic gneiss, one of the largest graphitic surface areas in the world. SRG owns 100% of the Lola Graphite Property. Management is also very optimistic about the nickel-cobalt-scandium deposit, known as the Gogota deposit, located on the same permit as the Lola graphite deposit. **Figure 1** presents the Company's research permits depicting the Company's two deposits.

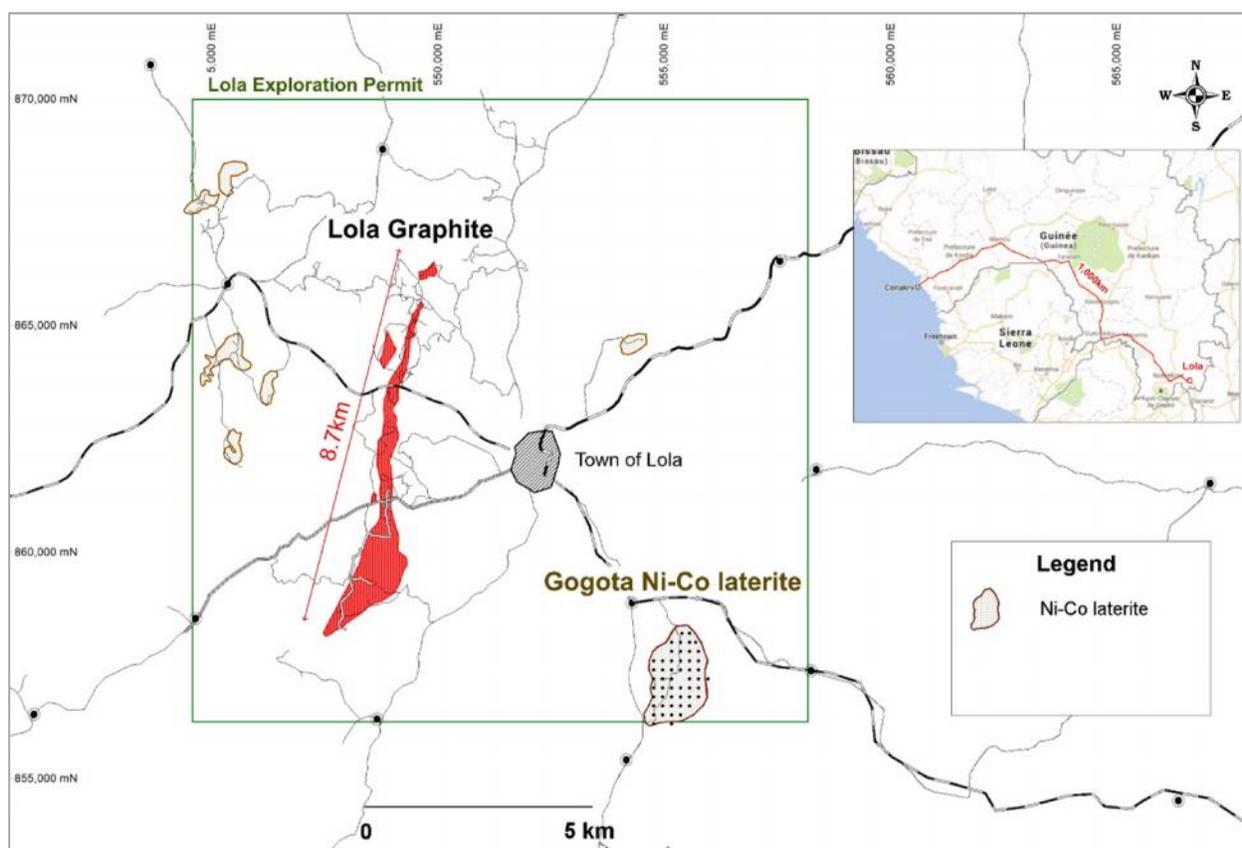


Figure 1 Exploration permits in Guinea

## HIGHLIGHTS

- ) On January 23, 2018, the Company announced that it has planned to resume activities at the cobalt-nickel-scandium project, known as the Gogota deposit, at the Company's Lola project in Guinea.
- ) On February 1, 2018, the Company announced the appointment of Ugo Landry-Tolszczuk as president and chief operating officer. Dr. Marc-Antoine Audet is stepping down as president and chief executive officer but remains a member of the Board of Directors and will continue to act as lead geologist and qualified person.

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- J On February 7, 2018, the Company filed a National Instrument 43-101 technical report supporting the initial resource estimate for its 100-per-cent-owned Lola graphite deposit located in the Republic of Guinea, as reported in SRG's news release dated December 22, 2017.
- J On March 21, 2018, the Company released drill results from its continuing drilling program at the Lola graphite deposit in Guinea, West Africa. A total of 346 boreholes, totaling 9,600 meters, have been drilled on the property of which 175 boreholes, totaling 4,698 m, since the company announced its maiden resource on December 22, 2017. A drilling contract was awarded to Foraco SA, an experienced drilling contractor, to expedite the completion of the 2018 drilling program.
- J On March 26, 2018, the Company released the remaining assay results from the drilling program conducted on the Company's cobalt-nickel-scandium Gogota project in Guinea, West Africa. The Company also announced it has engaged Montréal-based Met-Chem, a division of DRA Americas Inc. to conduct a National Instrument 43-101 compliant resource estimate expected in H1 2018.
- J On May 1, 2018, the Company announced that it had filed a preliminary short form prospectus in connection with an overnight marketed public offering at an anticipated unit price of \$1.50 and the exercise price of the Unit Warrant Shares will be \$2.30.
- J On May 2, 2018 the Company announced it had entered into an underwriting agreement with a syndicate of underwriters, providing for the purchase and sale of 5,334,000 units of the Company at a price of \$1.50 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$8,001,000. Each Unit was comprised of one common share of the Company and one Common Share purchase warrant of the Company. Each Warrant will entitle the holder thereof to acquire one additional Common at an exercise price of \$2.30 per Common Share at any time for a period of 12 months following the closing date of the Offering. In addition, the Company intended to complete a concurrent non-brokered private placement with Coris Capital SA ("Coris"), up to a maximum of 1,333,333 Units.
- J On May 18, 2018 the Company announced it had closed its marketed public offering through a syndicate of underwriters co-led by National Bank Financial Inc. and TD Securities Inc. and including Macquarie Capital Markets Canada Ltd., Beacon Securities Limited and Clarksons Platou Securities AS. The Company issued 5,334,000 units of the Company at a price of \$1.50 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$8,001,000. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one Common Share purchase warrant of the Company. Each Warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one additional Common at an exercise price of \$2.30 per Common Share at any time for a period of 12 months from May 18, 2018. In addition, the Company also completed its concurrent non-brokered private placement with Coris for 1,333,333 units. In connection with the offering, the Company paid to the Underwriters a cash fee of \$480,060 and issued 320,040 broker warrants to the Underwriters, each such broker warrant entitling the holder thereof to acquire one Common Share at an exercise price of \$1.50 for a period of 12 months from May 18, 2018. The Company has granted the Underwriters an over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional 15% of the units sold pursuant to the Offering, exercisable in whole or in part at any time for a period of 30 days from today. The over-allotment option may be exercised for Units, Warrants or a combination thereof.

## OVERALL PERFORMANCE

The Company filed its maiden mineral resource estimate for its Lola graphite deposit on February 7<sup>th</sup>. Base case pit-constrained indicated resource stood at 3.96Mt @ 5.66% graphitic carbon ("Cg") and an inferred resource of 4.6Mt @ 6.45% Cg using a cut-off grade of 1.23% Cg. The mineral resource estimate was prepared by Montréal-based Met-Chem, a division of DRA Americas Inc. ("Met-Chem"). The resource estimate was based on drilling up to the cut-off date of September 30, 2017 which covered 4,936m of drilling representing 18% of the deposit surface area of 3.22km<sup>2</sup>.

The Company continued its drilling activities at the Lola Graphite deposit and as of March 21, 2018, 346 diamond drill holes ("DDH") for a total of 9,600 meters ("m") have been completed. An environmental and social impact assessment according to the Guinean's BGEIE guideline and IFC guidelines has also been commenced. Metallurgical investigations with SGS Lakefield and ProGraphite GmbH continued as the Company moves forward with the development of the process flowsheet. The Company hired Montreal-based Met-Chem to undertake a Preliminary Economic Assessment for the Lola Graphite Property which is expected to be completed by the end of the first half of 2018.

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The Company also continued to work on its Gogota nickel-cobalt-scandium deposit, located on the same permit as the Lola Graphite deposit. The Gogota cobalt-nickel-scandium occurrence has a prospective surface outline of 1.96 km<sup>2</sup> and is approximately 5km away from the Company's Lola graphite deposit. The Company has hired Met-Chem to undertake a National Instrument 43-101 compliant resource estimate expected in before the end of the first half of 2018.

## FINANCING

On May 1<sup>st</sup>, the Company announced an overnight brokered deal of \$8,000,000 and a concurrent private placement of \$2,000,000 with Coris. The financing was completed by a syndicate of underwriters co-led by National Bank Financial Inc. and TD Securities Inc. and including Macquarie Capital Markets Canada Ltd., Beacon Securities Limited and Clarksons Platou Securities AS.

The net proceeds to the Company from the financing are estimated to be \$9,100,940 (\$10,229,081 assuming the Over-Allotment Option is exercised in full) after deducting the Underwriter's Fee of \$480,060 (\$552,069 assuming the Over-Allotment Option is exercised in full) and the estimated expenses of the financing. In addition, the Company's estimated working capital as at April 30, 2018 is approximately \$1,000,000. Following the closing of the financing, the Company has funds available to it as follows:

<u>Source of Funds</u>	<u>Amount</u> <sup>(1)</sup>
Gross Proceeds from the Offering	\$8,001,000
Gross Proceeds from the Concurrent Private Placement	\$2,000,000
Existing Working Capital	\$1,100,000
Less Underwriters' Fee	(\$480,060) <sup>(2)</sup>
Less Estimated Expenses of the Offering	(\$400,000)
Less Estimated Expenses of the Concurrent Private Placement	(\$20,000)
<b>Funds Available Following Closing</b>	<b>\$10,100,940</b>

(1) These amounts do not include the exercise of the Over-Allotment Option.

(2) Underwriters' Fee is 6% on all sales.

The Company intends to use these available funds for advancement of its Lola graphite project, for continued exploration of its Gogota Cobalt-Nickel-Scandium project, and for general working capital purposes. Specific intended near term uses of the available funds are as follows:

<u>Use of Funds</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Time Period of Expenditures</u>
Regional exploration drilling	\$1,390,000	8 months
Infill resource drilling	\$600,000	8 months
Laboratory	\$300,000	4 months
Engineering	\$2,550,000	12 months
Product sales expense	\$660,000	12 months
Environment and CSR	\$400,000	18 months
Financing costs	\$900,060	1 month
Working capital	\$3,300,880	18 months
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$10,100,940</b>	

Working capital may include routine operating and administrative expenses, capital expenditures, or exploration and development of mineral properties. While the Company intends to spend the funds available to it as stated above, there may be circumstances where, for sound business reasons, a re-allocation of funds may be necessary or advisable.

## Business Objectives and Milestones

The Company's key business objectives are (a) the completion of engineering studies on the Lola graphite deposit, which includes additional exploration works as well as significant engineering and processing testwork; (b) completion of the laboratory currently under construction; (c) completion of the environmental and social impact assessment for the Lola graphite deposit; (d) the sale of SRG's graphite concentrate; and (e) the continuation of work on the Gogota nickel-cobalt-scandium deposit.

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The completion of the engineering studies requires, among other thing, a Regulation 43-101-compliant preliminary economic assessment, an updated resource estimate, a trade-off assessment, a Regulation 43-101-compliant feasibility study, geotechnical studies, continued metallurgical testing, vendor testwork and process piloting. The costs and timing associated with these engineering studies set forth in the table above under "Engineering".

The laboratory, which is currently being built on the Lola deposit site, relates to the engineering studies and product sales. SRG intends to use the laboratory to produce samples required for product sales, to continue the validation of the processing method, the preparation of exploration samples on both the Lola and Gogota deposits, research and development relating to potential purification processes, and training of SRG's personnel. The costs and timing associated with the construction of the laboratory are set forth in the table above under "Laboratory".

The additional exploration work consists of infill drilling in order to determine the extent to which resources on the Lola Property can be converted into reserves, as well as additional exploration work to identify any additional resources. Further exploration work may be executed on the Gogota deposit, depending on metallurgical testwork results. The costs and timing associated with the drilling are set forth in the table above under "Regional exploration drilling" and "Infill resource drilling".

The Company also expects to devote significant resources to selling and placing its graphite product in order to enter into offtake agreements, which will require the production of a large number of samples and the hiring key personnel in order to negotiate the offtake agreements with potential buyers. While product sales are an ongoing effort that will continue for the life of the project, they are particularly crucial before the completion of construction as offtake agreements are generally required to secure project financing. The costs of bulk sampling preparation and sales are set forth in the table above under "Product sales expense", while the costs of retaining new personnel are included in the table above under "Working capital".

The Company also intends to conduct early stage metallurgy work on the Gogota deposit as well as complete a Regulation 43-101-compliant maiden resources report. The Company expects to complete that report the end of the first half of 2018. The costs associated with preparing the report are included in the table above under "Engineering".

The Company also anticipates completing an environmental and social assessment compliant with the guidelines of the International Finance Company (IFC). Furthermore, SRG is implementing a corporate social responsibility program that will focus on economic integration and employment of women from the town of Lola. The costs and timing associated with the study and CSR program are set forth in the table above under "Environment and CSR".

## MINERAL PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

The Company's exploration programs are designed, managed and reviewed by Marc-Antoine Audet, P. Geo, PhD, Lead Geologist for SRG. The Company's technical reports and metallurgical tests are designed, managed and reviewed by Raphaël Beaudoin, P. Eng, Director of Operations for SRG. Both individuals are 'qualified persons' ("QP"), as defined by National Instrument 43-101, Standards for Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") in their respective fields.

### Lola Graphite Property (Research Permit "Permit de Recherche", PR 4543)

SRG owns 100% of SRG Guinee, its Guinean subsidiary. SRG Guinee owns 100% of research permit PR4543 to explore a combined 187 square kilometers of property near the town of Lola in eastern Guinea. The occurrence is bordered by Côte d'Ivoire (50km) and Liberia (11km) and located 3.5 km west of the town of Lola (**Figure 1**). The property is centered on UTM WGS 84 zone 29N latitude 7° 48' 00" (UTM 863,000 N) and longitude 8° 32' 00" (UTM 551,000E). The area includes the communities of Lola and several smaller villages. The property is approximately 27km from the town Nzérékoré, the second largest city in Guinea, which has a population of approximately 300,000.

A research permit gives the applicant the right to explore for minerals for a certain time period as prescribed by the Mining law and regulation. In Guinea, the land is federal and as such, applications to the government, through the ministry of mines and energy, is required to obtain a research permit. Pursuant to SRG Guinee's request in 2012, the Republic of Guinea awarded SRG Guinee, through ministerial order N°A2013/4543/MMG/SGG dated September 2, 2013, the Lola Graphite research permit for a first period of three years renewable for two additional periods of two years each. The latest renewal occurred on August 29, 2016 and is set to expire on August 29, 2018. Management does not foresee any issues with maintaining land rights.

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There are no environmental liabilities associated with the licenses and there are no surface right agreements in place or being negotiated

SRG Guinee has agreed to complete an exploration program of GNF 9,361,376,000 (approximately \$1,350,088 as at March 31, 2018) by August 29, 2018. The Company to date has spent a total of \$3,655,203.

## Project Update

The Lola Graphite deposit is 8.7 kilometers long with an average width of 370m, and up to 1,000m wide (**Figure 2**). The first 20 to 50m, for an average of 32m, of the deposit is well weathered (lateralized), which allows graphite flakes from the silicate gangue to be easily liberated. Soft milling promotes recovery of large and jumbo flakes. Graphite mineralization continues at depth within the non-weathered sheared gneiss although the company stops drill holes after the first meter into the fresh rock. Given the volume of graphite available in the weathered portion of the deposit, the Company does not expect to mine the fresh rock portion of the deposit for decades into operation.

The graphite mineralization is well exposed at surface on its entire strike length with sample grades ranging from trace to up to 20% of graphitic carbon ("Cg") and often seen in higher concentration agglomerates.

A drilling campaign representing 18% of the deposit's surface area was completed on September 30, 2017. The campaign included 172 boreholes for a total of 4,936 meters and 10 trenches for 1,326 meters. A total of 3,932 samples were taken from the boreholes and trenches for analysis. These results were then analysed by Activation Laboratory ("Actlab"), Ontario. A maiden mineral resource report was prepared by Met-Chem. The results are presented in Table 1. These results confirm that there are significant resources of graphite on the property. These results, along with improving market conditions for graphite have lead the Company to increase the amount of annual graphite production in the Company's upcoming preliminary economic assessment ("PEA") to 50,000 tons per year ("tpa") of concentrate from the previously announced 25,000 tpa.

**Table 1 Lola Graphite Property Maiden Mineral Resources at a cut-off grade of 3.0% Cg and sensitivities at 1.23% Cg and 5.0% Cg cut-off grades of CG**

Base Case Mineral Resources				
Cut-off-grade Cg %	Classification	Tonnes (t)	Cg (%)	In situ Cg (t)
3%	Indicated	3,961,417	5.66	224,118
	Measured			
	<b>Total Ind. &amp; Meas.</b>	<b>3,961,417</b>	<b>5.66</b>	<b>224,118</b>
	Inferred	4,616,787	6.45	297,783
Sensitivities				
Cut-off-grade Cg %	Classification	Tonnes (t)	Cg (%)	In situ Cg (t)
1.23%	Indicated	6,825,820	4.19	285,802
	Measured			
	<b>Total Ind. &amp; Meas.</b>	<b>6,825,820</b>	<b>4.19</b>	<b>285,802</b>
	Inferred	7,563,830	4.76	360,038
Cut-off-grade Cg %	Classification	Tonnes (t)	Cg (%)	In situ Cg (t)
5%	Indicated	1,860,404	7.70	143,168
	Measured			
	<b>Total Ind. &amp; Meas.</b>	<b>1,860,404</b>	<b>7.70</b>	<b>143,168</b>
	Inferred	2,413,469	8.71	210,213

CIM definitions (May 10, 2014) observed for classification of mineral resources.

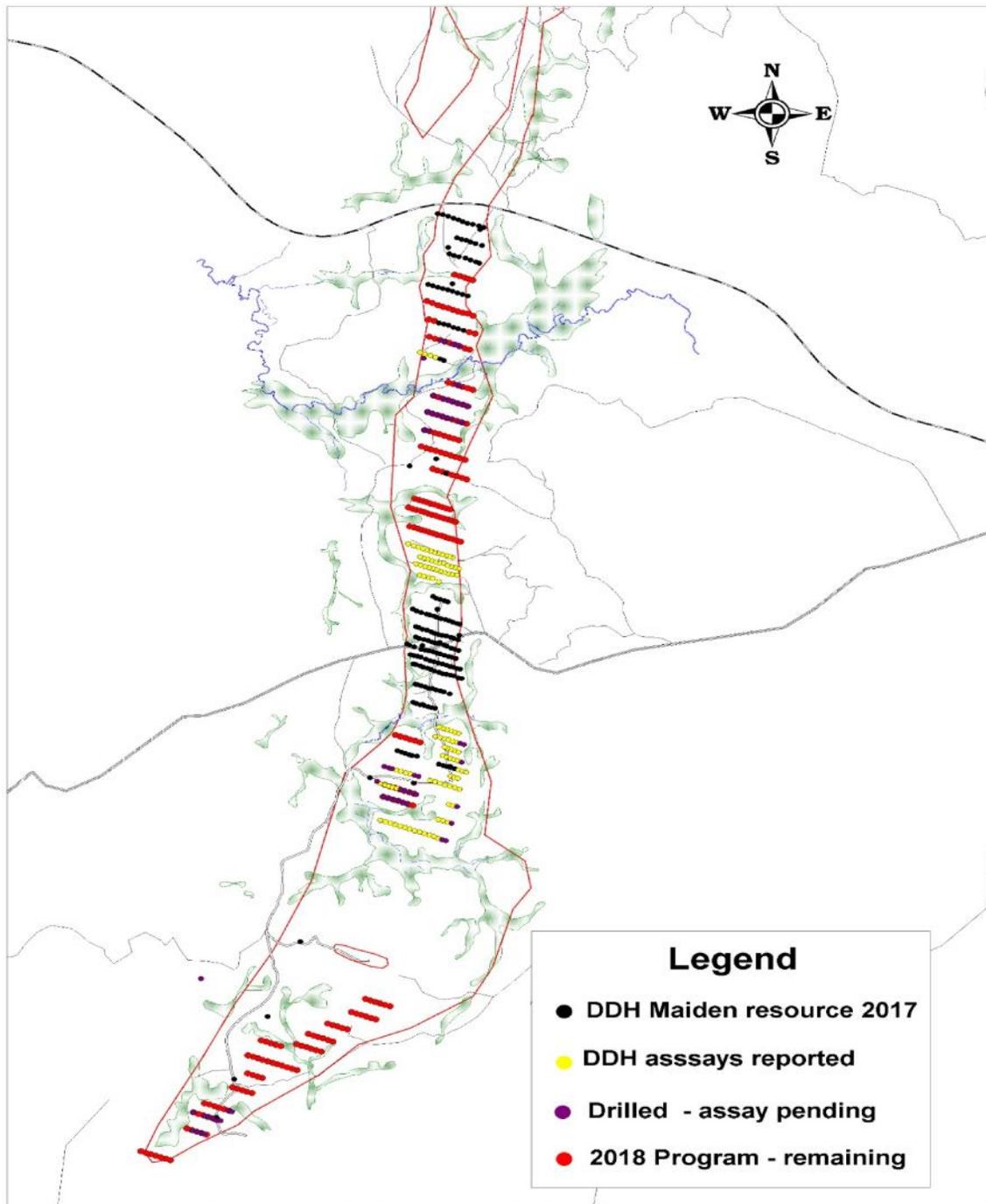
Block bulk densities interpolated from specific gravity measurements taken from core samples. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and have no demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by mining, processing, metallurgical, infrastructure, economic, marketing, legal, environmental, social and governmental factors ("Modifying Factors").

Numbers may not add due to rounding.

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Drilling continued through the end of the year and into 2018. As of March 21<sup>st</sup>, 2018, 346 diamond drill holes ("DDH") for a total of 9,600 meters ("m") have been completed. Drilling will continue well into 2018 to fully define the resource for the Company's PEA and Feasibility Study. **Figure 2** presents the Company's current drilling program.



**Figure 2 Company drilling program for the Lola graphite deposit**

Laboratory work and analysis have continued with ProGraphite, Anzaplan and SGS Lakefield to refine the process flow sheet and determine the metallurgy associated with the graphite found at the Lola deposit. Results indicate that the graphite is of excellent quality and flake size making it suitable for a very wide range of graphite applications, including

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the important traditional markets. These markets include: refractories, crucibles, friction products, carbon brushes and sealants. Additionally, the combination of very favorable ash composition, high crystallinity, high oxidation resistance and excellent purification behavior makes the graphite very valuable for demanding new technology applications, including energy storage applications and particularly with regards to spherical graphite for lithium-ion batteries ("LiB").

## Main Observations from metallurgical testing:

- ) The high proportion of large and jumbo flakes is impressive. Only very few natural flake graphite deposits have such a high percentage of jumbo and large flakes. This is a major advantage for the Lola deposit, as large flakes trade at significantly higher prices.
- ) The concentrate was screened to get particle size distribution information with very favorable results: very coarse material. Over 50% of the graphite is large flake (+80 mesh), and 26% is "jumbo" flake material (+50 mesh).
- ) Main elemental impurities are silicon, aluminum and iron, which is typical for flake graphite. Impurities known to cause issues in various applications, such as sulfur, calcium, vanadium or heavy metals are at very low levels or inexistent in the Lola graphite concentrate.
- ) Key advantages of the Lola graphite are the favorable ash composition and low effort required to attain high carbon grades.
- ) The graphite is of very high crystallinity, which means that the graphite crystals are almost perfect, making this graphite suitable for highly demanding applications such as LiBs or synthetic diamonds.
- ) Purification tests concluded that the graphite could easily be upgraded with standard processes to levels above 99.95% Cg with most elements, already under the limits for battery application. The purification performed was "mild" compared to the "harsh" purification usually applied for LiB grade material, thereby attesting again to the likelihood that the material will be very suitable for such application.
- ) The volatiles are low, oxidation resistance is very high and the specific surface area is in the normal range.
- ) The graphite from the Lola Graphite deposit has a high bulk density (>700 g/l), typical Chinese graphite has bulk densities of 450-550 g/l for +80 mesh.

**Table 2** provides the latest flotation test results from SGS. These results show flake size fractions and the percentage of fixed carbon ("FC"). **Figure 3** shows a microscope image of the graphite flakes at 24x zoom. **Figure 4** presents the Company's flake size distribution compared to some other publicly traded graphite companies' deposits.

**Table 2 Size fraction and fixed carbon content of the Lola graphite concentrate**

Flake size (mesh)	Flake size (µm)	Proportion (%)	FC (%)
+48 (Jumbo)	315	26%	97%
+80 (Large)	180	31%	96%
+100 (Medium)	150	9%	96%
-100 (Fine)	-150	34%	97%

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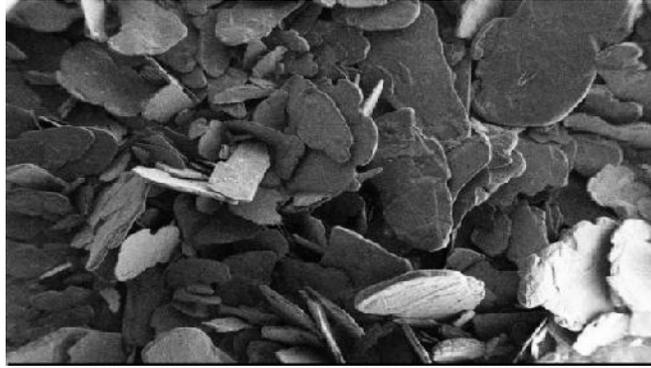


Figure 3 Microscope image of graphite flakes from the Lola deposit (24x)

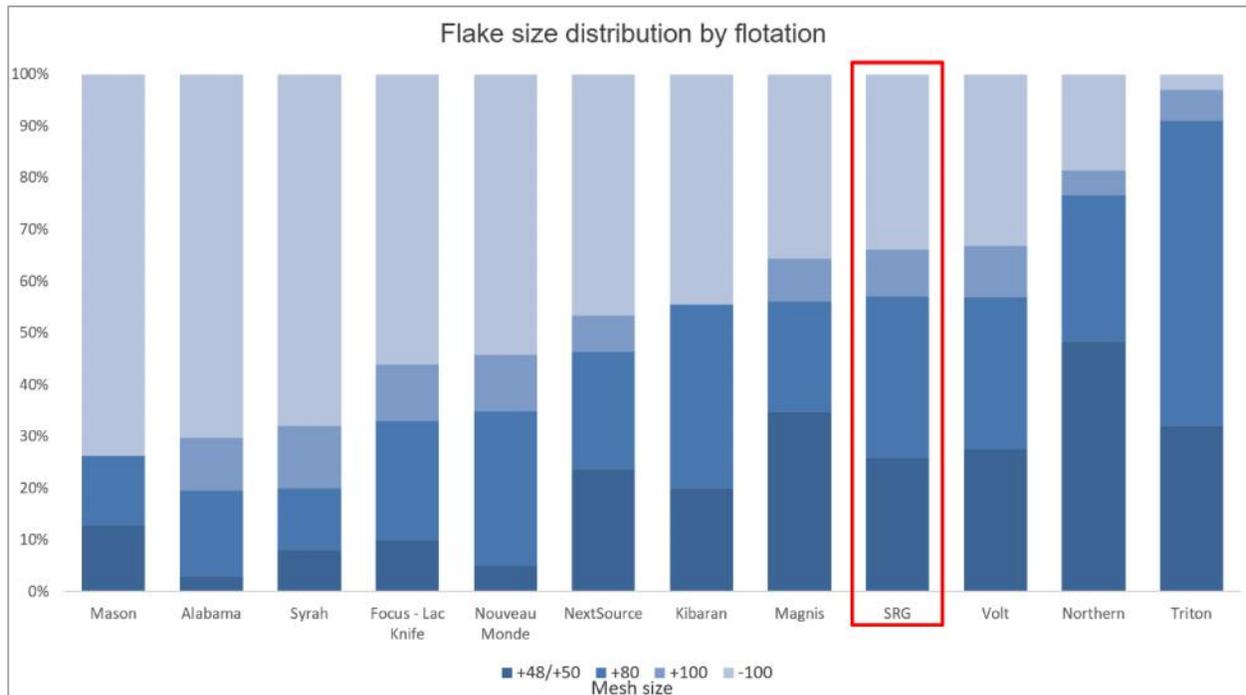


Figure 4 Flake size comparison

The Environmental Baseline Study (“EBS”) was launched March 10, 2017. The Ivorian group “SIMPA” has been contracted to complete the EBS and the subsequent Impact Study. The EBS scope of work was modified to an IFC Guideline Environmental and Social Impact Assessment Study (“ESIA”). The company has hired a full-time resource to ensure the proper monitoring of SIMPA and to ensure best practices are used for both health and safety along with environmental and social aspects of the project.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company capitalized \$1,019,948 at the Lola Graphite Property.

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## Estimated expenditures

The current estimate for expenditures on the Lola Graphite Property (both corporate and capitalized expenditures) for the next year is approximately \$8,100,000. The proceeds will be used for the following work:

- ) Drill 17,000 meters, including regional exploration
- ) Complete the Environmental and Social Impact Assessment Study
- ) Complete PEA level test works and start metallurgical test works for the Feasibility study
- ) Complete and publish the PEA
- ) Complete the Feasibility study by end of 2018
- ) Process bulk graphite sample for business development
- ) Complete the construction and commission a mineral processing laboratory

## Gogota Property

On January 23, 2018, the Company announced the resumption of activities at its cobalt-nickel-scandium project, known as the Gogota deposit approximately 5km away from the Company Lola deposit (see **Figure 1**). SRG resumed activities on the Gogota deposit and expects to file a National Instrument ("NI") 43-101 compliant maiden mineral resource estimate in H1 2018. SRG acquired the Lola project from Sama Resources in the 2016 transaction. The Gogota deposit was discovered during a regional exploration program carried out over portions of the Lola project in 2013. It has a prospective surface outline of 1.96km<sup>2</sup>.

In 2013, 51 vertical drill holes were carried out over the Gogota Deposit. 31 holes were drilled over a 200-meter by 400-meter grid and 20 were drilled over a 200-meter by 200-meter grid. In 2013, the first phase of sampling from 31 drill holes representing 800 samples were sent for analysis and returned significant cobalt ("Co"), nickel ("Ni"), and scandium ("Sc") results, among others. In February 2018, the second phase of 20 drill holes representing 425 samples, were sent to Actlab for analysis. The results are presented in **Table 3**. The results show significant nickel, cobalt and scandium grades. Given these results and the market conditions for both nickel and cobalt, the Company has hired Met-Chem to complete a National Instrument 43-101 compliant resource estimate expected in H1 2018. **Figure 5** depicts the 51 boreholes and the associated assay results.

**Table 3 Gogota assay results on 51 dill holes**

HOLE-ID	From m	Length m	Co %	Ni %	Scandium gr/t	Fe %	MgO %	SiO2 %	Al2O3 %
GG24-400800	15.50	5.50	0.18	0.75	37.28	45.90	0.26	9.92	12.29
GG24-600800	9.00	16.00	0.17	1.39	26.88	51.80	0.43	3.94	4.66
GG24-800400	2.00	18.20	0.19	1.43	45.06	52.19	0.38	3.33	4.99
GG24-800600	3.70	13.50	0.22	1.27	29.18	51.32	0.48	8.29	3.29
GG24-800800	4.00	20.80	0.15	1.41	29.62	53.42	0.60	4.51	4.05
GG25-200200	5.00	14.50	0.13	1.30	33.11	51.24	0.42	7.83	3.11
GG25-200400	6.00	10.00	0.13	1.19	30.00	48.02	0.33	13.22	2.74
GG25-200600	8.00	3.00	0.17	1.28	35.30	52.03	0.62	3.01	5.15
GG25-200800	11.00	19.00	0.17	1.29	27.90	53.40	0.53	2.95	3.49
GG25-400200	4.00	14.50	0.18	1.52	31.73	53.29	0.30	6.38	3.49
GG25-400400	12.50	20.00	0.17	1.53	24.77	49.87	0.37	5.47	5.56
GG25-400600	7.00	16.00	0.16	1.36	29.88	50.14	0.76	4.30	6.73
GG25-400800	8.00	17.80	0.16	1.25	24.50	50.90	0.69	4.04	5.67
GG25-600400	0.00	7.50	0.13	1.08	20.91	40.14	0.63	9.86	14.09
GG25-600600	3.80	14.40	0.13	1.52	25.23	44.64	1.30	7.45	10.35
GG25-600800	6.00	22.00	0.17	1.46	32.62	44.39	1.14	6.94	10.91
GG34-400200	1.50	6.90	0.13	1.58	40.30	44.14	2.73	9.75	8.21

**SRG GRAPHITE INC.**

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

HOLE-ID	From m	Length m	Co %	Ni %	Scandium gr/t	Fe %	MgO %	SiO2 %	Al2O3 %
GG34-400400	3.00	1.50	0.11	0.90	33.84	27.56	3.00	38.39	7.28
GG34-600200	1.50	17.90	0.20	1.38	26.91	47.19	1.08	6.02	7.77
GG34-600400	3.00	22.00	0.17	1.51	28.61	48.59	0.69	4.47	7.00
GG34-600600	7.00	25.00	0.21	1.37	32.41	47.73	1.60	5.97	6.20
GG34-600800	1.00	8.50	0.18	1.28	34.71	44.66	0.49	6.26	11.74
GG34-800200	2.10	12.00	0.24	1.16	32.63	48.08	0.49	5.11	10.11
GG34-800400	15.00	3.00	0.17	1.53	37.50	48.63	1.12	9.61	6.33
GG34-800600	6.00	23.00	0.18	1.27	39.14	51.63	0.40	3.63	4.89
GG34-800800	5.50	12.50	0.16	1.42	31.20	50.25	1.18	6.81	5.97
GG35-200200	14.00	16.00	0.16	1.33	23.13	49.83	0.34	8.75	3.43
GG35-200600	10.50	10.00	0.22	1.51	26.50	46.95	1.04	7.94	6.22
GG35-200800	2.60	16.40	0.21	1.26	28.42	48.62	0.84	3.93	7.64
GG35-400200	0.00	14.10	0.17	1.39	23.95	48.09	0.61	4.86	8.53
GG35-400400	0.90	4.40	0.21	1.27	31.49	50.04	0.84	6.62	6.42
GG35-400600	4.00	2.50	0.14	1.16	30.00	42.41	0.92	13.51	10.98
GG35-400800	3.00	8.00	0.18	1.19	36.25	49.11	0.80	5.71	8.77
GG35-600200	1.50	12.50	0.15	1.33	29.62	40.82	1.47	11.44	12.14
GG35-600400	1.60	1.60	0.27	0.51	13.75	31.37	0.29	7.15	25.89
GG35-600600	7.00	15.50	0.14	1.80	22.09	41.77	4.72	13.43	6.12
GG35-600800	2.00	16.40	0.13	1.65	29.46	49.25	0.75	8.21	5.24
GG44-600200	1.50	1.50	0.12	0.58	20.00	32.64	0.21	18.54	19.08
GG44-800200	8.50	14.00	0.21	1.45	36.43	49.57	0.45	5.61	5.98
GG44-800400	8.00	7.50	0.18	0.69	38.26	42.53	1.70	13.26	10.46
GG45-200200	4.50	1.60	0.22	1.28	26.25	44.55	1.21	9.93	9.39
GG45-200400	1.50	24.50	0.16	1.37	26.47	50.99	0.68	4.73	5.28
GG45-400200	2.30	7.40	0.15	0.95	38.91	41.86	0.58	12.44	13.18

# SRG GRAPHITE INC.

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

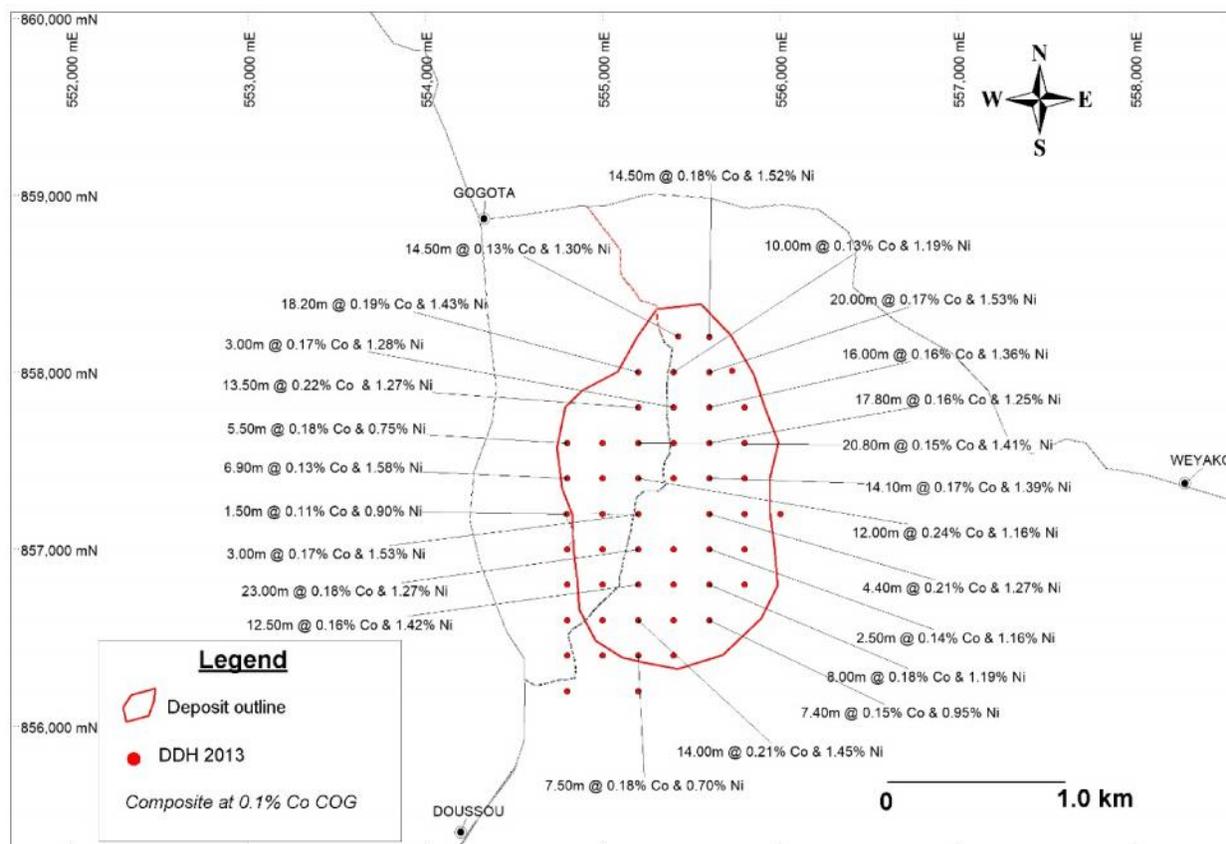


Figure 5 Gogota deposit boreholes map

## Estimated expenditures

The current estimate for expenditures on the Gogota Property (both corporate and capitalized expenditures) for the next year is approximately \$300,000. The proceeds will be use for the following work:

- ) Complete the maiden resource estimate
- ) Complete preliminary metallurgical test work

## MARKET INFORMATION

### Graphite

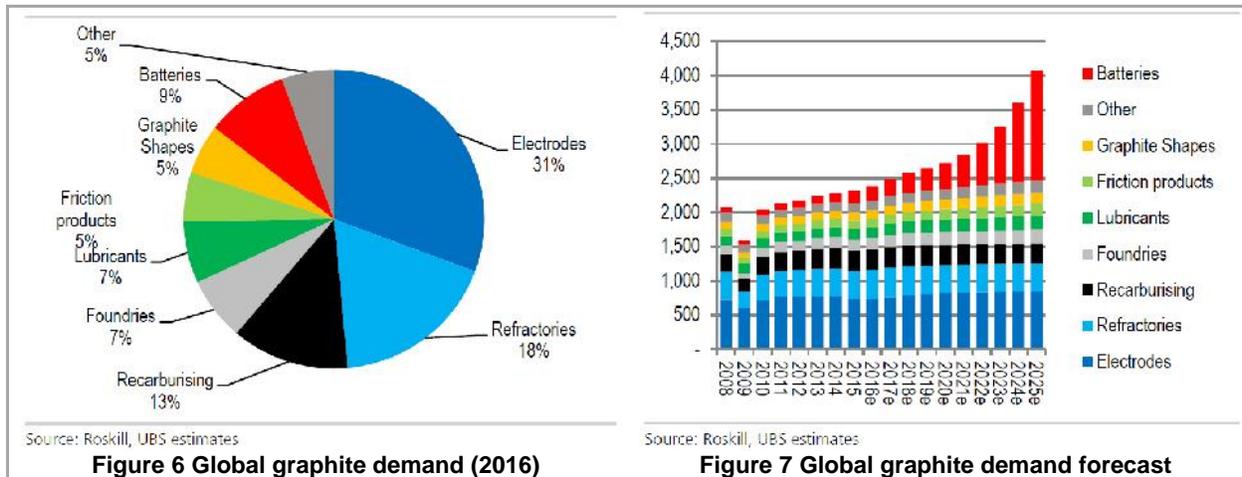
The natural flake graphite market in 2017 was approximately 710ktpa<sup>1</sup>, of which battery demand comprises a small portion of ~120ktpa. But take-up of electric vehicles (“Evs”) is likely to drive robust demand growth from this segment over the next 5-10 years. UBS' assessment of demand growth is that ~650ktpa of extra graphite is required by 2022e & 1.7Mtpa by 2025e, growing from 2.4Mtpa to over 4Mtpa. Both natural flake graphite from mining & synthetic graphite will continue to compete on cost vs performance. Graphite mine supply will need to expand substantially to meet this need at an acceptable cost. It is estimated that 1Mt of new flake mine supply will be needed by 2025e<sup>1</sup>. The relatively new and immature nature of the electric car vehicle market means there is a large degree of risk to forecasting demand. **Figure 6** provides current uses for graphite while **Figure 7** depicts demand forecast by UBS.

In terms of volume, the global graphite market grew from 2.0 million tons in 2010 to 2.5 million tons in 2016, an annual growth rate of 3.8%.

<sup>1</sup> CEIC, UBS, World Steel Association, Syrah Resources, May 17, 2018 presentation

# SRG GRAPHITE INC.

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BAM will be a very large driver of natural flake graphite over the coming years. The figure below provides four charts from the specialized research firm, Benchmark Minerals, which depicts the forecast growth in LiBs, the affect on demand BAM, the split between synthetic and natural graphite use, and finally the natural flake graphite demand for the battery industry.

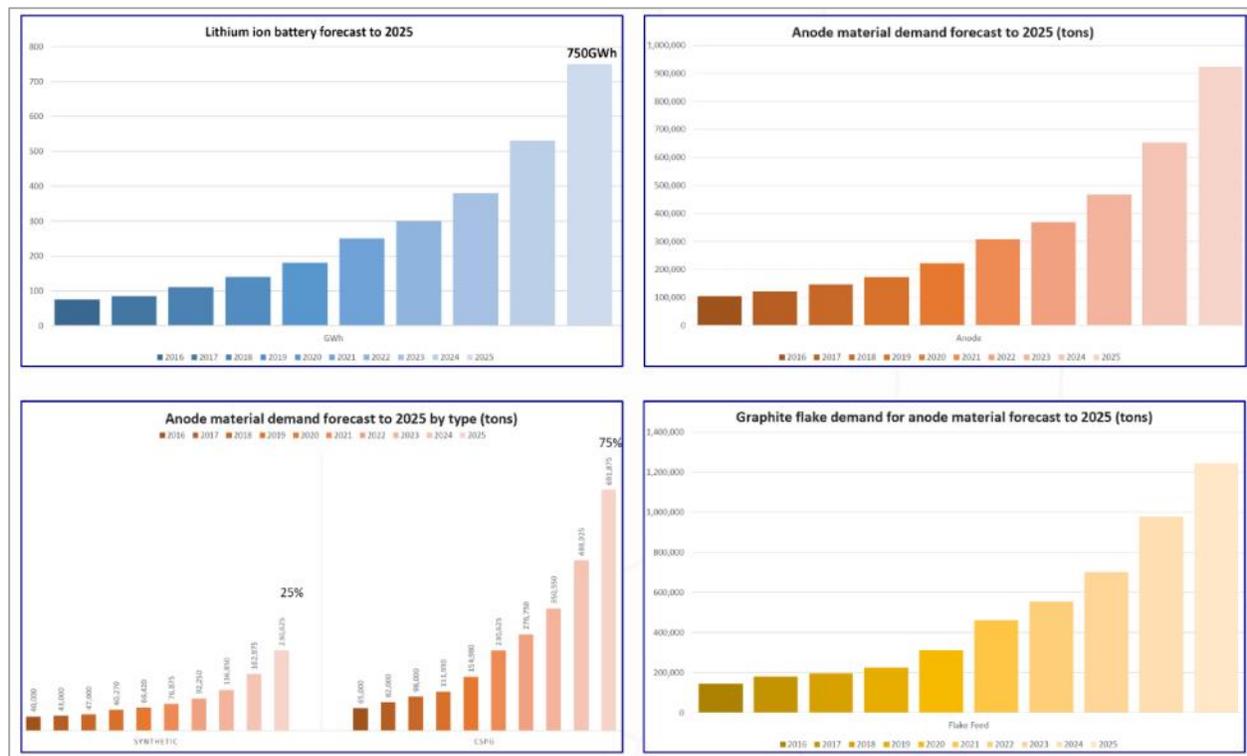


Figure 8 LiB forecast and effect on graphite demand charts (Benchmark Minerals)

# SRG GRAPHITE INC.

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## Nickel

Usage of nickel has increased over time and until today, has been correlated with economic development. World nickel demand increased from 907 thousand tonnes in 1990 to 1.465 million tonnes in 2010, an annual average growth rate of 2.3%. Since then the strong growth recorded by the Chinese economy has further accelerated the increase in nickel demand that recorded in only 8 years, from 2010 up to 2017, an annual growth rate of 4.6% bringing total nickel supply to 2.1Mt. Asia is now by far the largest regional market for nickel currently representing 71% of total world demand. China alone now accounts for close to 52% of world nickel demand compared with 18% ten years earlier.

The global nickel market has traditionally been driven by stainless steel production using both high-purity class 1 and lower-purity class 2 nickel products. Significant expansion of low-cost class 2 nickel capacity over the past decade, in particular nickel pig iron, has caused nickel prices to fall from the highs of USD 29,000 per metric ton in 2011 to an average of just above USD 10,000 per metric ton in 2017, resulting in the curtailment of higher-cost class 1 capacity. However, the growing adoption of EVs and the resulting demand for high-purity nickel is providing a much-needed relieve for the industry as a shift towards nickel-rich battery chemistries accelerates.

Currently, class 1 nickel supply suitable for battery production represents approximately half of global supply of 2.1Mt, although only 350Kt is available to be processed into powder and briquettes that could be used to produce nickel sulphate (in 2017 approximately 65 Kt to 75 Kt of nickel content will be used to make nickel sulphate)<sup>2</sup>. With annual battery demand expected to reach 750GWh by 2025, which would mean a class 1 nickel demand of approximately 400Kt for battery production alone. This comes on top of class 1 demand from traditional end-use segments i.e., plating, foundry and super-alloys. A shortfall in class 1 nickel production seems increasingly likely as current low nickel prices do not support class 1 nickel capacity expansions and alternative strategies e.g., shifting existing production from nickel cathode to nickel sulfate or refining nickel intermediates, seem unlikely to provide long term solutions. As a result, not only will nickel prices likely need to move towards incentive pricing but the future pricing mechanism is likely to reflect two distinct nickel products: class 1 and class 2.

## Cobalt

Cobalt is primarily extracted as a by-product of copper and nickel mining. Currently the Democratic Republic of Congo represents 65% of the world production, with the remaining production scattered world wide. Cobalt is used in a variety of industries, including super alloys, consumer batteries and a growing EV market and energy storage batteries. **Figure 9** presents the current demand for cobalt by sector. The total market demand in 2016 was approximately 100Kt.

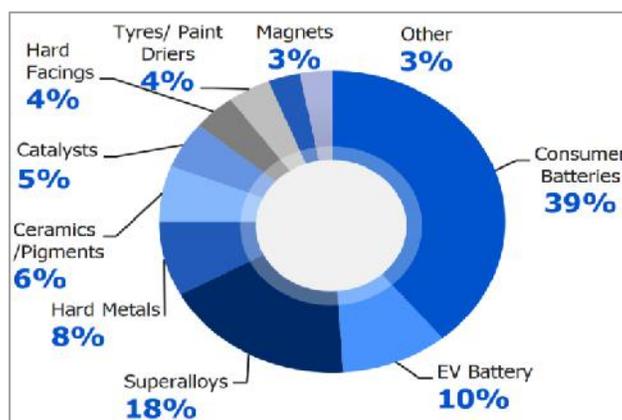


Figure 9 Cobalt demand by sector (2016)<sup>3</sup>

As demand for EVs and grid storage grows, demand for cobalt will follow. Three types of batteries use cobalt: Lithium-Cobalt-Oxide ("LCO"), Nickel-Manganese-Cobalt ("NMC") and Nickel-Cobalt-Aluminum ("NCA"). There is, in fact, more cobalt in these three types of batteries than lithium. Assuming the majority of battery capacity moves quickly to 622 NMC chemistry (60% nickel, 20% manganese, 20% cobalt) from the current 111 chemistry, approximately 140Kt of cobalt will be needed by 2025. Given the scarcity of the resource, the price per ton has soared from USD 30,000 per metric ton in 2015 to over USD 90,000 per metric ton, today.

<sup>2</sup> The future of nickel: A class act, McKinsey&Company, November 2017

<sup>3</sup> Cobalt 27 corporate presentation, March 2018

# SRG GRAPHITE INC.

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

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## SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Going concern uncertainty

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which presumes the Company will continue its operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the ordinary course of business for the foreseeable future. The use of these principles may not be appropriate. The Company is in its early stages, and as is common with similar companies, it raises financing for its exploration and evaluation activities. The Company has incurred a net loss and comprehensive loss for the three-month period ended March 31, 2018 of \$722,140 (for the year ended December 31, 2017 – \$2,382,586) and has an accumulated deficit of \$5,189,378 (December 31, 2017 – \$4,467,238). In addition, the Company had a working capital of \$1,030,230 as at March 31, 2018 (December 31, 2017 – \$2,758,698), including cash and cash equivalents of \$1,675,082 (December 31, 2017 – \$3,251,456). To date, the Company has financed its cash requirements primarily by issuing common shares or units. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is subject to its ability to raise additional financing or reduce its expenditure levels. The Company's discretionary activities do have some scope for flexibility in terms of the amount and timing of expenditures, and to a certain extent, expenditures may be adjusted accordingly.

On May 18, 2018, the Company closed its marketed public offering by issuing 5,334,000 units of the Company at a price of \$1.50 per unit for gross proceeds of \$8,001,000. Each unit comprises one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant of the Company. Each warrant will entitle the holder thereof to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$2.30 per common share at any time for a period of 12 months.

In addition, the Company has completed a concurrent non-brokered private placement with Coris Capital SA, pursuant to which Coris subscribed for 1,333,333 units, which were issued on the same terms and conditions as those issued in the offering, for total proceeds of \$2,000,000.

Based on the extent of the Company's current plan and anticipated exploration, the Company will need to raise additional financing within the next 12-15 months.

In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. Management has assessed its liquidity needs and determined that the funds following the closing of the above financing would be sufficient to meet the Company's current obligations and budgeted expenditures for the next 12 months. However, based on the anticipated exploration program to further develop the Lola Graphite prospect, the Company will have to raise additional financing in the next 12-15 months. While management has been successful in securing financing in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future, that such sources of funding will be available to the Company or that they will be available on terms acceptable to the Company.

If management is unable to obtain new funding in the future, the Company may be unable to continue its operations, and amounts realized for assets might be less than amounts reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

### Financial Position Analysis

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$	\$
Total assets	6,106,687	6,200,523	2,949,322
Total liabilities	821,222	573,450	647,518
Total equity	5,285,465	5,627,073	2,301,804
Working capital*	1,030,230	2,758,698	1,624,173

\*Working capital is a measure of current assets less current liabilities.

# SRG GRAPHITE INC.

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

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## Assets

Total assets at March 31, 2018 were \$6,106,687 compared to \$6,200,523 at December 31, 2017, a decrease of \$93,836 mainly due to a decrease in cash of \$1,576,374 which served to fund the Company's operations. This decrease was however offset by an increase in sales taxes receivable of \$85,002, in deposits on property and equipment and exploration and evaluation assets of \$30,585 and \$176,861 respectively and in exploration and evaluation assets of \$1,019,948 directly related to the expenditures incurred on the Lola Graphite Property.

## Liabilities

Total liabilities at March 31, 2018 were \$821,222 compared to \$573,450 at December 31, 2017, an increase of \$247,772. Accounts payables and accrued liabilities have increased by \$219,764 which is directly related to the increased level of activities.

## Equity

At March 31, 2018, the Company had an equity of \$5,285,465 compared to \$5,627,073 at December 31, 2017, a decrease of \$341,608 mainly due to the period net loss of \$722,140 which was offset by the recognition of a stock-based compensation of \$284,907 and the exercise of stock options for total proceeds of \$95,625.

## **Operating Results analysis**

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2018	Three-month period ended March 31, 2017
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -
Net loss	722,140	624,489
Net loss per share	0.01	0.01

## THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 COMPARED TO THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded a net loss of \$722,140 compared to \$624,489 for the same period in 2017, an increase of \$97,651. This increase in net loss is mainly due to an increase in salaries and benefits (\$110,631), consulting fees (\$72,478), travel and representation (\$56,096), general and office expenses (\$34,249), natural graphite production for customers and tests (\$59,601) and professional fees (\$32,044). The increase in salaries and benefits is due to the hiring of four employees. The increase in consulting fees is due to the signature of agreements for marketing Graphite material, distribution branding services and community support and strategic consulting. The increase in professional fees is mainly due to legal fees paid to the Vice-president Corporate and Legal Affairs. These increases were however offset by a decrease in the stock-based compensation (\$215,783) and by a change in foreign exchange (\$38,962). The change in foreign exchange is related to the fluctuations of the Guinean franc compared to the Canadian dollar.

## **Cash Flows analysis**

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2018	Three-month period ended March 31, 2017
Cash required by operating activities	(487,084)	(639,863)
Cash required by investing activities	(1,198,567)	(309,547)
Cash generated (required) by financing activities	109,277	(273,164)

# SRG GRAPHITE INC.

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

## THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 COMPARED TO THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

### Operating Activities

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, operating activities required cash flows of \$487,084 compared to \$639,863 for the same period in 2017, a decrease of \$152,779. This decrease in the use of cash flows is mainly due to the non-cash working capital items which generated cash flows of \$25,967 in 2018 compared to the use of cash flows of \$440,268 for the same period in 2017. However, this decrease in the use of cash flows was offset by the net loss after adjustment for items not affecting cash which went from \$199,595 in 2017 to \$513,051 in 2018.

### Investing Activities

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, investing activities required cash flows of \$1,198,567 compared to \$309,547 for the same period in 2017, a decrease of \$889,020 due to exploration and evaluation expenditures which required cash flows of \$793,278 in 2018 compared to \$304,923 in 2017, to property and equipment additions of \$197,843 in 2018 compared to \$4,624 in 2017, to a deposit on property and equipment of \$30,585 and on exploration and evaluation assets of \$176,861 in 2018.

### Financing Activities

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, financing activities generated cash flows of \$109,277 compared to the use of cash flows of \$273,164 for the same period in 2017, an increase of \$382,441. The generated cash flows of 2018 are due to the exercise of stock options for total proceeds of \$95,625 and the repayment of an advance of \$28,008 by the related company while those of 2017 were due to the exercise of warrants and stock options for total proceeds of \$47,200. These inflows were however offset by the issuance costs of \$14,356 in 2017 and by the reimbursement of advances received from the major shareholder and related company of \$267,590 and \$52,774 respectively in 2017.

### **Quarterly Results Trends**

The operating results for each of the last eight quarters are presented in the following table. Management considers that the information for each of those quarters was determined in the same way as for our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Readers are invited to take into consideration that periods presented following the Reverse Takeover transaction on December 31, 2016 represent the consolidated results of the Company while prior periods include results of SRG Guinea only.

	March 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017	Sept 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017	Dec 31, 2016	Sept 30, 2016	June 30, 2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Operations:</b>								
Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss	(722,140)	(710,274)	(488,379)	(559,444)	(624,489)	(726,726)*	(2,342)	(10,929)
Net loss per share	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.00)	(0.00)

\* The main impact in net loss is due to the listing expense of \$589,017 recognized as part of the Reverse Takeover transaction.

# SRG GRAPHITE INC.

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

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## RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

Related parties include the Company's key management personnel and related companies. Unless otherwise stated, balances are usually settled in cash.

Key management personnel are the members of the Board of Directors, the President and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"). The remuneration of key management personnel includes the following:

### Transactions with key management personnel

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred fees of \$18,000 (for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 – \$10,200) with the CFO. These fees are recorded under professional fees in the interim condensed consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss. As at March 31, 2018 and 2017, no amount is due to the CFO.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred fees of \$6,000 (for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 – \$4,500) with an officer. These fees are recorded under professional fees in the interim condensed consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss. As at March 31, 2018 and 2017, no amount was due to the officer.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred fees of \$15,000 (for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 – \$46,251) with a corporation controlled by a director. An amount of \$15,000 was recorded under consulting fees (for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 – \$9,250) in the interim condensed consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss and nil (for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 – \$37,001) have been capitalized to the Company's E&E assets. As at March 31, 2018, \$15,000 (March 31, 2017 – nil) is due to that corporation. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company recognized a stock-based compensation of \$135,756 (for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 – \$212,391) in connection with stock options granted to officers and directors solely, which was recognized in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

### Transactions with related parties:

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred fees of \$28,104 (for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 – nil) with a corporation where the Company's Executive Chairman is also a shareholder of that corporation. An amount of \$18,750 was recorded under consulting fees and \$9,354 under general and office expenses in the interim condensed consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss. As at March 31, 2018, \$3,500 (March 31, 2017 – nil) is due to that corporation. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, a corporation where the Company's Executive Chairman is also the President and Chief Executive Officer, charged a total amount of \$15,808 (for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 – nil) to the Company. This amount was capitalized to the Company's E&E assets. These fees were for technical services which were rendered by a consultant of that corporation. As at March 31, 2018 and 2017, no amount is due to that corporation.

As of March 31, 2018, the related company, a subsidiary of Sama Resources Inc., advanced a total amount of \$44,426 (December 31, 2017 – \$16,418). This advance is non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on demand.

### Termination and Change of Control Provisions

The Company has also entered into consulting agreements with key management personnel for total annual payments of \$416,000. Some of the consulting agreements contain termination without cause and change of control provisions. Assuming that these agreements would be terminated without cause during the year ended December 31, 2018, the total amount payable to key management personnel in respect of severance would amount to \$894,500. If a change of control would occur during the year December 31, 2018, the total amount payable in respect of severance, if elected by key management personnel would amount to \$894,500.

## SRG GRAPHITE INC.

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

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### COMMITMENTS

The Company has operating lease commitments for office premises in Guinea, expiring until May 31, 2019, which will call for total payments of GNF 167,500,000 (approximately \$24,157 at March 31, 2018: \$18,712 in 2018 and \$5,445 in 2019).

The Company has an operating lease commitment for office premises in Montreal, Quebec, Canada, expiring in December 2018, which will call for total payments of \$28,062 in 2018.

The Company has entered into consulting agreements expiring until August 2018 which will call for total payments of \$52,800 in 2018.

Minimum annual payments relating to the above commitments in each of the next two fiscal years are as follows:

	\$
2018	99,574
2019	5,445
	<u>105,019</u>

### OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

	Number of Shares Outstanding (Diluted)
<b>Outstanding as of May 24, 2018</b>	68,172,052
Shares reserved for issuance pursuant to warrants outstanding	8,112,373
Shares reserved for issuance pursuant to stock options outstanding	4,143,000
<b>Shares outstanding - fully diluted</b>	<u>80,427,425</u>

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had outstanding warrants enabling holders to acquire common shares of the Company as follows:

Number Outstanding	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
	\$	
320,040	1.50	May 18, 2019
6,667,333	2.30	May 18, 2019
1,125,000	0.500	October 24, 2019
<b>8,112,373</b>		

# SRG GRAPHITE INC.

Management's discussion and analysis for the quarter ended March 31, 2018

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As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had outstanding stock options enabling holders to acquire common shares of the Company as follows:

Number Outstanding	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
	\$	
3,258,000	0.365	February 20, 2027
200,000	0.410	June 21, 2022
100,000	0.500	March 31, 2027
100,000	0.500	April 25, 2027
25,000	0.360	June 14, 2027
325,000	1.300	November 22, 2027
135,000	1.720	January 14, 2028
<b>4,143,000</b>		

## OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements

## CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Company's directors and officers may serve as directors and/or officers, or may be associated with, other reporting companies, or have significant shareholdings in other public companies. To the extent that such other companies may participate in business or asset acquisitions, dispositions or ventures in which the Company may participate, the directors and officers of the Company may have a conflict of interest in negotiating and concluding terms respecting the transaction. If a conflict of interest arises, the Company will follow the provisions of the Canada Business Corporations Act dealing with conflict of interest. These provisions state that where a director has such a conflict, that director must, at a meeting of the Company's directors, disclose his or her interest and refrain from voting on the matter unless otherwise permitted by the Corporations Act. In accordance with the federal laws of Canada, the directors and officers of the Company are required to act honestly, in good faith, and in the best interests of the Company.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to apply accounting policies and make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. There is full disclosure of the Company's critical accounting policies and accounting estimates in Note 3 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Significant changes in the underlying assumptions could result in significant changes to these estimates. Consequently, management reviews these estimates on a regular basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Information about these significant judgments, assumptions and estimates that have the most significant effect on the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses are disclosed in Note 5 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

## RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is in the business of acquiring and exploring mineral properties. It is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are common to other mineral exploration companies in the same business. The industry is capital intensive at all stages and is subject to variations in commodity prices, market sentiment, exchange rates for currency, inflation and other risks. The Company currently has no source of revenue other than interest on cash balances. The Company will rely mainly on equity financing to fund exploration activities on its mineral properties.

# **SRG GRAPHITE INC.**

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The risks and uncertainties described in this section are not inclusive of all the risks and uncertainties to which the Company may be subject.

## **Early Stage – Need for Additional Funds**

The Company has no history of profitable operations and its present business is at an early stage. As such, the Company is subject to many risks common to other companies in the same business, including under-capitalization, cash shortages and limitations with respect to personnel, financial and other resources and the lack of revenues. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in achieving a return on shareholders' investment and the likelihood of success must be considered in light of its early stage of operations.

## **Exploration and Evaluation**

Mineral exploration and evaluation is a speculative business, characterized by a number of significant risks including, among other things, unprofitable efforts resulting not only from the failure to discover mineral deposits, but also from finding mineral deposits that, though present, are of insufficient size and/or grade to return a profit from production.

All of the mineral claims to which the Company has a right to acquire an interest are in the exploration stages only and are without a known body of commercial ore. Upon discovery of a mineralized occurrence, several stages of exploration and assessment are required before its economic viability can be determined. Development of the subject mineral properties would follow only if favorable results are determined at each stage of assessment. Few precious and base metal deposits are ultimately developed into producing mines.

## **Supplies, Health and Infrastructure**

The Company's property interests are often located in remote, undeveloped areas and the availability of infrastructures such as surface access, skilled labour, healthy labour, fuel and power at an economic cost cannot be assured. These are integral requirements for exploration, production and development facilities on mineral properties. In Guinea, power may need to be generated onsite.

## **Title Risks**

Although the Company has exercised the usual due diligence with respect to determining title to properties in which it has a material interest, there is no guarantee that title to such properties will not be challenged or impugned. The Company's mineral property interest may be subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers, or native claims, and title may be affected by undetected defects.

## **Environmental Regulations, Permits and Licenses**

The Company's operations are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment, exploration, development, production, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, safety and other matters. Environmental legislation in most countries provides restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with certain mining industry operations, such as seepage from tailings disposal areas, which would result in environmental pollution. A breach of such legislation may result in the imposition of fines and penalties. In addition, certain types of operations require the submission and approval of environmental impact statements. Environmental legislation is evolving in a direction of stricter standards and enforcement, and higher fines and penalties for non-compliance. Environmental assessments of proposed projects carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has the potential to reduce the profitability of operations. The Company intends to fully comply with all environmental regulations.

The Company believes that it is in compliance with all material laws and regulations which currently apply to its activities. However, there can be no assurance that all permits which the Company may require for its operations and exploration activities will be obtainable on reasonable terms or on a timely basis, or that such laws and regulations would not have an adverse effect on any mining project which the Company might undertake.

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## **Competition and Agreements with Other Parties**

The mining industry is intensely competitive in all its phases and the Company competes with other companies that have greater financial resources and technical capacity. Competition could adversely affect the Company's ability to acquire suitable properties or prospects in the future.

The Company may, in the future, be unable to meet its share of costs incurred under such agreements to which it is a party and it may have its interest in the properties subject to such agreements reduced as a result. Also, if other parties to such agreements do not meet their share of such costs, the Company may not be able to finance the expenditures required to complete recommended programs.

## **Political and Economic Risks of Doing Business in Guinea**

All of the Company's mineral properties are currently located in Guinea which is a politically stable country. The fiscal laws and practices are well established and generally consistent with Western rules and regulations. However, there is no assurance that future political and economic conditions in this country will not result in its government adopting different policies respecting foreign development and ownership of mineral properties. Any changes in laws, regulations or shifts in political attitudes regarding investment in the Guinea mining industry are beyond its control and may adversely affect its business. The Company's exploration and evaluation activities may be affected in varying degrees by a variety of economic and political risks, including cancellation or renegotiation of contracts, changes in Guinean domestic laws or regulations, changes in tax laws, royalty and tax increases, restrictions on production, price controls, expropriation of property, fluctuations in foreign currency, restrictions on the ability to repatriate earnings and pay dividends offshore, restrictions on the ability to hold foreign currencies in offshore bank accounts, environmental legislation, employment practices and mine safety. In the event of a dispute regarding any of these matters, the Company may be subject to the jurisdiction of courts outside of Canada which could have adverse implications on the outcome.

## **Dependence on Management**

The Company is very dependent upon the personal efforts and commitment of its existing management. To the extent that management's services would be unavailable for any reason, a disruption to the operations of the Company could result, and other persons would be required to manage and operate the Company.

## **Information Systems Security Threats**

Although the Company has not experienced any material losses to date relating to cyber attacks or other information security breaches, there can be no assurance that the Company will not incur such losses in the future. The Company's risk and exposure to these matters cannot be fully mitigated because of, among other things, the evolving nature of these threats. As a result, cyber security and the continued development and enhancement of controls, processes and practices designed to protect systems, computers, software, data and networks from attack, damage or unauthorized access is a priority. As cyber threats continue to evolve, the Company may be required to expend additional resources to continue to modify or enhance protective measures or to investigate and remediate any security vulnerabilities.

## **Operating Hazards and Risks**

Mining operations involve many risks which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. In the course of exploration, development and production of mineral properties, certain risks, and in particular unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, including rock bursts, cave-ins, fires, flooding and earthquakes, may occur. Operations in which the Company has a direct or indirect interest will be subject to all the hazards and risks normally incidental to exploration, development and production of mineral deposits, any of which could result in damage to or destruction of mines and other producing facilities, damage to life and property, environmental damage and possible legal liability for any or all damage.

Although the Company maintains liability insurance in an amount which it considers adequate, the nature of these risks is such that liabilities could exceed policy limits, in which event the Company could incur significant costs that could have a materially adverse effect upon its financial conditions.